NAG Toolbox for MATLAB

f08np

1 Purpose

f08np computes the eigenvalues and, optionally, the left and/or right eigenvectors for an n by n complex nonsymmetric matrix A.

Optionally, it also computes a balancing transformation to improve the conditioning of the eigenvalues and eigenvectors, reciprocal condition numbers for the eigenvalues, and reciprocal condition numbers for the right eigenvectors.

2 Syntax

```
[a, w, vl, vr, ilo, ihi, scale, abnrm, rconde, rcondv, info] = f08np(balanc, jobvl, jobvr, sense, a, 'n', n)
```

3 Description

The right eigenvector v_i of A satisfies

$$Av_j = \lambda_j v_j$$

where λ_i is the jth eigenvalue of A. The left eigenvector u_i of A satisfies

$$u_i^{\mathrm{H}} A = \lambda_i u_i^{\mathrm{H}}$$

where $u_i^{\rm H}$ denotes the conjugate transpose of u_i .

Balancing a matrix means permuting the rows and columns to make it more nearly upper triangular, and applying a diagonal similarity transformation DAD^{-1} , where D is a diagonal matrix, with the aim of making its rows and columns closer in norm and the condition numbers of its eigenvalues and eigenvectors smaller. The computed reciprocal condition numbers correspond to the balanced matrix. Permuting rows and columns will not change the condition numbers (in exact arithmetic) but diagonal scaling will. For further explanation of balancing, see Section 4.8.1.2 of Anderson *et al.* 1999.

Following the optional balancing, the matrix A is first reduced to upper Hessenberg form by means of unitary similarity transformations, and the QR algorithm is then used to further reduce the matrix to upper triangular Schur form, T, from which the eigenvalues are computed. Optionally, the eigenvectors of T are also computed and backtransformed to those of A.

4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D 1999 *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia URL: http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug

Golub G H and Van Loan C F 1996 Matrix Computations (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Parameters

5.1 Compulsory Input Parameters

1: balanc – string

Indicates how the input matrix should be diagonally scaled and/or permuted to improve the conditioning of its eigenvalues.

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```
balanc = 'N'
```

Do not diagonally scale or permute.

balanc = 'P'

Perform permutations to make the matrix more nearly upper triangular. Do not diagonally scale.

balanc = 'S'

Diagonally scale the matrix, i.e., replace A by DAD^{-1} , where D is a diagonal matrix chosen to make the rows and columns of A more equal in norm. Do not permute.

balanc = 'B'

Both diagonally scale and permute A.

Computed reciprocal condition numbers will be for the matrix after balancing and/or permuting. Permuting does not change condition numbers (in exact arithmetic), but balancing does.

Constraint: balanc = 'N', 'P', 'S' or 'B'.

2: jobvl – string

If jobvl = 'N', the left eigenvectors of A are not computed.

If jobvl = 'V', the left eigenvectors of A are computed.

If sense = 'E' or 'B', jobvl must be set to jobvl = 'V'.

Constraint: jobvl = 'N' or 'V'.

3: **jobvr** – **string**

If jobvr = 'N', the right eigenvectors of A are not computed.

If jobvr = 'V', the right eigenvectors of **a** are computed.

If sense = 'E' or 'B', jobvr must be set to jobvr = 'V'.

Constraint: jobvr = 'N' or 'V'.

4: sense – string

Determines which reciprocal condition numbers are computed.

sense = 'N'

None are computed.

sense = 'E'

Computed for eigenvalues only.

sense = 'V'

Computed for right eigenvectors only.

sense = 'B'

Computed for eigenvalues and right eigenvectors.

If sense = 'E' or 'B', both left and right eigenvectors must also be computed (jobvl = 'V' and jobvr = 'V').

Constraint: sense = 'N', 'E', 'V' or 'B'.

5: a(lda,*) - complex array

The first dimension of the array **a** must be at least $max(1, \mathbf{n})$

The second dimension of the array must be at least $max(1, \mathbf{n})$

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The n by n matrix A.

5.2 Optional Input Parameters

1: n - int32 scalar

Default: The first dimension of the array **a** and the second dimension of the array **a**. (An error is raised if these dimensions are not equal.)

n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: $\mathbf{n} > 0$.

5.3 Input Parameters Omitted from the MATLAB Interface

lda, ldvl, ldvr, work, lwork, rwork

5.4 Output Parameters

1: a(lda,*) - complex array

The first dimension of the array \mathbf{a} must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$

The second dimension of the array must be at least $max(1, \mathbf{n})$

a has been overwritten. If jobvl = 'V' or jobvr = 'V', A contains the Schur form of the balanced version of the matrix A.

2: $\mathbf{w}(*)$ – complex array

Note: the dimension of the array w must be at least max(1, n).

Contains the computed eigenvalues.

3: vl(ldvl,*) - complex array

The first dimension, ldvl, of the array vl must satisfy

```
if jobvl = 'V', ldvl \ge max(1, n); ldvl \ge 1 otherwise.
```

The second dimension of the array must be at least $max(1, \mathbf{n})$

If $\mathbf{jobvl} = 'V'$, the left eigenvectors u_j are stored one after another in the columns of \mathbf{vl} , in the same order as their corresponding eigenvalues.

If jobvl = 'N', vl is not referenced.

 $u_i = \mathbf{vl}(:, j)$, the *j*th column of **vl**.

4: vr(ldvr,*) - complex array

The first dimension, ldvr, of the array vr must satisfy

```
if jobvr = 'V', ldvr \ge max(1, n); ldvr \ge 1 otherwise.
```

The second dimension of the array must be at least $max(1, \mathbf{n})$

If **jobvr** = 'V', the right eigenvectors v_j are stored one after another in the columns of **vr**, in the same order as their corresponding eigenvalues.

If jobvr = 'N', vr is not referenced.

 $v_i = \mathbf{vr}(:,j)$, the *j*th column of **vr**.

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- 5: ilo int32 scalar
- 6: ihi int32 scalar

ilo and **ihi** are integer values determined when A was balanced. The balanced A has $a_{ij} = 0$ if i > j and j = 1, ...,**ilo** -1 or i =**ihi** +1, ...,**n**.

7: scale(*) - double array

Note: the dimension of the array scale must be at least $max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

Details of the permutations and scaling factors applied when balancing A.

If p_j is the index of the row and column interchanged with row and column j, and d_j is the scaling factor applied to row and column j, then

$$\mathbf{scale}(j) = p_j$$
, for $j = 1, ..., \mathbf{ilo} - 1$;
 $\mathbf{scale}(j) = d_j$, for $j = \mathbf{ilo}, ..., \mathbf{ihi}$;
 $\mathbf{scale}(j) = p_j$, for $j = \mathbf{ihi} + 1, ..., \mathbf{n}$.

The order in which the interchanges are made is **n** to ihi + 1, then 1 to ilo - 1.

8: abnrm – double scalar

The 1-norm of the balanced matrix (the maximum of the sum of absolute values of elements of any column).

9: rconde(*) - double array

Note: the dimension of the array **recorde** must be at least $max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

rconde(j) is the reciprocal condition number of the jth eigenvalue.

10: rcondv(*) - double array

Note: the dimension of the array **rcondv** must be at least $max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

 $\mathbf{rcondv}(j)$ is the reciprocal condition number of the jth right eigenvector.

11: info - int32 scalar

info = 0 unless the function detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the function:

info = -i

If info = -i, parameter i had an illegal value on entry. The parameters are numbered as follows:

1: balanc, 2: jobvl, 3: jobvr, 4: sense, 5: n, 6: a, 7: lda, 8: w, 9: vl, 10: ldvl, 11: vr, 12: ldvr, 13: ilo, 14: ihi, 15: scale, 16: abnrm, 17: rconde, 18: rcondv, 19: work, 20: lwork, 21: rwork, 22: info.

It is possible that **info** refers to a parameter that is omitted from the MATLAB interface. This usually indicates that an error in one of the other input parameters has caused an incorrect value to be inferred.

info > 0

If $\mathbf{info} = i$, the QR algorithm failed to compute all the eigenvalues, and no eigenvectors or condition numbers have been computed; elements $1 : \mathbf{ilo} - 1$ and $i + 1 : \mathbf{n}$ of \mathbf{w} contain eigenvalues which have converged.

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7 Accuracy

The computed eigenvalues and eigenvectors are exact for a nearby matrix (A + E), where

$$||E||_2 = O(\epsilon)||A||_2,$$

and ϵ is the *machine precision*. See Section 4.8 of Anderson *et al.* 1999 for further details.

8 Further Comments

Each eigenvector is normalized to have Euclidean norm equal to unity and the element of largest absolute value real and positive.

The total number of floating-point operations is proportional to n^3 .

The real analogue of this function is f08nb.

9 Example

```
balanc = 'Balance';
jobvl = 'Vectors (left)';
jobvr = 'Vectors (right)';
sense = 'Both reciprocal condition numbers';
a = [complex(-3.97, -5.04), complex(-4.11, +3.7), complex(-0.34, +1.01),
complex(1.29, -0.86);
       complex(0.34, -1.5), complex(1.52, -0.43), complex(1.88, -5.38),
complex(3.36, +0.65);
       complex(3.31, -3.85), complex(2.5, +3.45), complex(0.88, -1.08),
complex(0.64, -1.48);
      complex(-1.1,
                     +0.82), complex(1.81, -1.59), complex(3.25, +1.33),
complex(1.57, -3.44)];
[aOut, w, vl, vr, i
                     ilo, ihi, scale, abnrm, rconde, rcondv, info] =
f08np(balanc, jobvl, jobvr, sense, a)
aOut =
  -6.0004 - 6.9998i -0.3656 + 0.3637i
                                             0.4761 - 0.1946i
                                                                -0.7237 +
0.5589i
                        -5.0000 + 2.0060i
                                              0.4981 - 0.5232i -0.1637 +
0.2071i
         0
                              0
                                              7.9982 - 0.9964i
                                                                 0.8487 -
0.6651i
                             0
                                                  0
                                                                  3.0023 -
         0
3.9998i
w =
  -6.0004 - 6.9998i
  -5.0000 + 2.0060i
   7.9982 - 0.9964i
   3.0023 - 3.9998i
v1 =
   0.8357
                        -0.3510 + 0.1013i -0.1689 + 0.2595i
                                                                 0.1099 -
0.2007i
  -0.0794 + 0.3372i
                     -0.4035 + 0.4540i
                                           0.6762
                                                                 0.0336 +
0.2312i
                       0.6239
                                             0.3032 + 0.5642i
                                                                  0.0944 -
   0.0917 + 0.3097i
0.3947i
  0.0456 - 0.2741i -0.0816 - 0.3190i 0.1328 + 0.1376i 0.8534
   0.8457
                        -0.3865 + 0.1732i -0.1730 + 0.2669i
                                                                -0.0356 -
0.1782i
  -0.0177 + 0.3036i -0.3539 + 0.4529i
                                           0.6924
                                                                 0.1264 +
0.2666i
   0.0875 + 0.3115i
                       0.6124
                                             0.3324 + 0.4960i
                                                                 0.0129 -
 -0.0561 - 0.2906i -0.0859 - 0.3284i 0.2504 - 0.0147i 0.8898
ilo =
           1
```

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```
ihi =
scale =
     1
     1
     1
     1
abnrm =
   14.4031
rconde =
    0.9932
    0.9964
    0.9814
0.9779
rcondv =
    8.4011
8.0214
    5.8292
    5.8292
info =
            0
```

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